G.J. CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC. SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

1.1 PRODUCT NAME:-----> DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

PRODUCT NUMBER(S):----> 136600

TRADE NAMES/SYNONYMS:--> Diethylenetriamine, Bis(2-aminoethyl)amine,

2,2-Diaminodiethylamine, 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine,

DETA

CAS-No: 111-40-0 CHEMICAL FAMILY: Amine, Aliphatic

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

RECOMMENDED USE: Industrial: Use as an epoxy curing agent, Use as a polyurethane curing agent for rigid foam production, Electroplating, Use as an intermediate, Ash-less dispersant, Corrosion inhibitor.

USES ADVISED AGAINST: No information available

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Company: G.J. CHEMICAL CO., INC.

Address: 40 VERONICA AVENUE

SOMERSET, NJ 08873

Telephone: 1-973-589-1450 Fax: 1-973-589-3072

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 1), H330
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312
Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318
Skin sensitization (Category 1), H317

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory System, H335

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements



Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS: Rapidly absorbed through skin.

3. <u>INGREDIENTS</u>

3.1 SUBSTANCE:

Ingredient	CAS No.	% by \ Range		CLASSIFICATION
Diethylenetriamine EC-No Index-No. 612 RegNo. 01-2119473793		 100 	Acute Acute Skin Serio Skin	e toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 e toxicity, Inhalation (Category 1), H330 e toxicity, Dermal (Category 4), H312 corrosion (Category 1B), H314 us eye damage (Category 1), H318 sensitization (Category 1), H317 T-SE (Category 3), Respiratory system,

3.2 MIXTURE: Not applicable.

4. <u>FIRST-AID MEASURES</u>

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:

INHALATION: DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

**FIRST AID- Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult if necessary give oxygen. Keep person warm and at rest. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Get medical attention immediately.

SKIN CONTACT: DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

**FIRST AID- Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Use a safety shower flush skin thoroughly for 15 minutes. Wash affected area with soap and water. For chemical burns cover area with sterile,

dry dressing bandage securely, but not too tight. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

EYE CONTACT: DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

**FIRST AID- Wash eyes immediately with large amounts of water or normal saline, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains (approximately 15-20 minutes).

Remove contact lenses, if worn, after initial flush. Do not attempt to neutralize with chemical agents. Get medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

**FIRST AID- Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and can swallow immediately give two glasses (16oz) of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Get medical attention immediately.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

Eye: Corrosive with symptoms of burning, redness, pain, blurred vision, and edema. Corrosive to the eyes may cause severe damage and blindness.

<u>Skin</u>: Corrosive with symptoms of burning, scarring, and reddening; May be toxic if absorbed through skin.

<u>Inhalation</u>: Severe irritation of the respiratory tract or acute nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness or coma.

<u>Ingestion</u>: Toxic with severe irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal spasms, and restlessness. Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach.

Chronic:

Eye: Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in conjunctivitis:

Skin: Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in dermatitis:

Inhalation: May cause ulcerative changes in the mouth and gastrointestinal disturbances. May sensitize the immune system. May cause lung damage.

Ingestion: Prolonged and repeated exposure may damage the liver and kidneys.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Inhalation may aggravate asthma and other pulmonary diseases.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Note to Physician: Lung damage may be evidenced by shortness of breath, especially on exertion, and may be accompanied by chronic cough. Skin sensitization may be evidenced by rashes, especially hives.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 102°C (216°F) CC LEL %:2.0 (V) AUTO-IGNITION TEMP: 357.78°C (676°F) UEL %:6.7 (V)

5.1 SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam--> x CO2--> x Dry Chemical-->

x Water-fog--> x Other-->

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use waterjet.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR

<u>MIXTURE</u>: Keep containers tightly closed. Combustible liquid; isolate from all sources of ignition. During a fire potentially toxic/irritating fumes from combustion/decomposition products may be generated. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY: Not Flammable or Combustible.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and other unidentified organic compounds evolve when this material undergoes combustion.

5.3 <u>ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS</u>: Shut off source. Isolate hazard area and deny entry. Move container from fire area if you can do it without risk. Water fog may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build up and possible auto-ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Cool containers with water-fog from as far a distance as possible. Water-fog may cause frothing, which can be violent, if sprayed into containers of hot or burning liquid. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tank due to fire. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for confined spaces and where there is exposure to vapors. Use full fire-fighting protective clothing. If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 <u>PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS</u>, <u>PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES</u>: Corrosive liquid; Prevent contact with eyes and skin. Eliminate ignition sources in the vicinity of the spill or released vapor. Immediately evacuate all nonessential people. Verify that responders are properly trained and

wearing appropriate respiratory equipment and fire resistant protective clothing during cleanup operations.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Keep out of water sources, drains and sewers. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Methods for cleanup and containment:

Use explosion proof equipment and equipment that can withstand the corrosive nature of this product. Shut off valves, contain spill, keep out of water sources and sewers, for smaller spills add non-flammable absorbent in spill area. For large spills use foam on spill to minimize vapors clean up by vacuuming then using non-flammable absorbent.

Methods for disposal:

Place all saturated absorbent, using non-sparking tools, in an approved container for disposal. Minimize breathing vapors and skin contact, ventilate confined areas, open all windows and doors, assure conformity with applicable government regulations. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of Acetic Acid.

6.4 <u>REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS</u>: See Sections 8 and 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: This material presents a corrosive hazard. Avoid breathing vapors in top of shipping container. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Heating this product above 300°F in the presence of air may cause slow decomposition; above 500°F polymerization may occur. Avoid work practices that may release volatile components in the atmosphere. Avoid contaminating soil or releasing material into sewage and drainage systems. Use non-sparking tools to open or close containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not smoke.

STATIC HAZARD: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not be sufficient. For more information refer to OSHA Standard 29CFR 1910.106 "Flammable and Combustible Liquids" and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77) "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity".

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: Follow maximum allowed pile heights specified in the BOCA codes or the NFPA manual. Local fire authorities should be notified for storage of this material in any quantity. Local permits are required for storage in warehouse quantities. Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25°C. Store large quantities only in cool,

dry areas in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Store under inert gas. Keep containers tight and upright to prevent leakage. Do not contact with oxidizing materials. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not take internally. Store away from incompatible materials. Do not store in direct sunlight. Store under inert gas.

<u>CONTAINER WARNINGS</u>: Containers should be Bonded and Grounded when pouring. Avoid free fall of liquid in excess of a few inches. Empty containers release residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or expose such containers to heat, sparks, static electricity or other sources of ignition. Do not attempt to clean. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner.

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES: Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL (PERSONAL PROTECTION)

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

Ingredient	CAS No.	% by WT. Range	Exposure Limits	
_ = =	111-40-0 -No.203-865-4 612-058-00-X 3793-27-XXXX	 100% 	 1ppm TWA (ACGIH) 1ppm TWA (NIOSH) 	

Key: (PEL) = Permissible Exposure Limit OSHA

(TLV) = Threshold Limit Value OSHA & ACGIH (STEL) = Short Term Exposure Limit ACGIH

(WEEL) = USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels

(TWA) = Time Weighted Average

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Registry Number IDLH = Immediate Danger to Life and Health

N.E. =None Established

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: Consider the potential hazards of this material (Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended.

<u>ENGINEERING CONTROLS:</u> Provide general dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep concentrations within permitted exposure limits.

All areas should be ventilated in accordance with OSHA Regulation 29 CFR Part 1910. Explosion proof motors should be used in mechanical ventilation.

<u>RESPIRATORY PROTECTION</u>: The specific respirator selected must be based on contamination levels found in the work place, must not exceed the working limits of the respirator and be jointly approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health and the Mine Safety and Health Administration (NIOSH-MSHA):

For known vapor concentrations use a NIOSH/MSHA air purifying respirator with full face-piece and organic vapor cartridge for exposures >1 <10 times ACGIH TWA. For exposures greater than 10 times ACGIH TWA of for unknown vapor concentrations use NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face-piece.

<u>BODY CLOTHING</u>: Employee must wear appropriate protective (impervious) clothing and equipment to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with this substance. Use chemical resistant apron or other impervious clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

<u>SKIN PROTECTION</u>: Employee must wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent contact with this substance.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

<u>HYGIENE</u>: Use good personal hygiene practices, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear with splash-guards or face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.

Emergency shower and eyewash should be easily accessible to the work area.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

- 10.1 **REACTIVITY**: No data available.
- 10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY: Unstable () Stable (X)
- 10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: No data available.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: May occur () Will not occur (X)

- 10.4 <u>CONDITIONS TO AVOID</u>: --> Heat, Sparks, Pilot Lights, Static Electricity, and Open Flame. Exposure to water vapor.
- 10.5 <u>INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS</u> --> Acids, Acrylic Acid, Oxidizers, Aldehydes, Copper
- 10.6 <u>HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS</u>: Fumes, Smoke, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of Nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

Routes of Entry: Inhalation--> x Skin--> x Ingestion--> x

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:

Effects of overexposure:

Eye> Corrosive with symptoms of burning, redness, pain, blurred vision, and edema.; Corrosive to the eyes may cause severe damage and blindness.

Skin> Corrosive with symptoms of burning, scarring, and reddening; May be toxic if absorbed through skin.

Inhalation> Severe irritation of the respiratory tract or acute nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness or coma.

Ingestion> Toxic with severe irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal spasms, and restlessness. Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach.

Chronic:

Eye> Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in conjunctivitis:

Skin> Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in dermatitis:

Inhalation> May cause ulcerative changes in the mouth and gastrointestinal disturbances. May sensitize the immune system. May cause lung damage.

Ingestion> Prolonged and repeated exposure may damage the liver and kidneys.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure> Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Inhalation may aggravate asthma and other pulmonary diseases.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

The effects of overexposure shown in Section III are based on acute animal toxicity profiles. Typical values are:

Ingredient	Oral LD50 (Rat) Skin LD50 (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50			
Diethylenetriamine	 1080mg/kg 	1090mg/kg	 0.3mg/L/4hr 	
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SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION: Skin - Rabbit Result: Open irritation Test - 4 h

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION: No data available

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITIZATION: No data available

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: No data available

CARCINOGEN STATUS:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to

0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT-SE) - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System): May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT-RE) - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

ASPIRATION HAZARD: No data available

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

RTECS: IE1225000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (Acute):

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 - Poecilia reticulata (guppy) - 1,014 mg/l - 96 h

- 12.2 PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY: No data available
- 12.3 **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL**: No data available
- 12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available

12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB:

PBT assessment results: This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: No data available

13. <u>DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS</u>

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at time of disposition. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and

burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Dispose in accordance with all applicable disposal regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING: Dispose of as unused product

The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (DOT) 14.1 USDOT ID Number
Sea Transport (IMDG) 14.1 ID Number
Air Transport (IATA) 14.1 ID Number

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION **SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:**

SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act)

SECTION 302 AND 304: Extremely Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 355) - Not Listed

SECTION 313: Toxic Chemicals Listing (40 CFR 372.65) - Not Listed

SECTION 311/312: Hazard Categorization (40 CFR 370) - Acute Health Hazard, **Chronic Health Hazard**

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

SECTION 102(A) Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302.4) - Not Listed **Reportable Quantity - None SECTION 101(14) Reportable Quantity: None**

Massachusetts Right to Know Components Diethylenetriamine CAS-No.111-40-0

Pennsylvania Right to Know Components Diethylenetriamine CAS-No.111-40-0

New Jersey Right to Know Components Diethylenetriamine CAS-No.111-40-0

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)

Diethylenetriamine CAS-No.111-40-0 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Inventory Name

International Inventories:

Country or Region

Country or Region	Inventory Name	On inventory ye	s/no
<u>Australia</u>	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substance	s (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	` ,	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)		No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	in China (IECSC) `	Yes

<u>Europe</u>	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemicals Substances (EINECS)	Yes
<u>Europe</u>	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
<u>Japan</u>	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
<u>Japan</u>	Industrial Safety & Health Law Inventory (ISHL)	Yes
<u>Korea</u>	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
<u>Mexico</u>	National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
<u>Philippines</u>	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
<u>Switzerland</u>	Inventory of Notified New Substances (CHINV)	Yes
<u>Taiwan</u>	National Existing Chemical Inventory (NECI)	Yes
United States &	Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory	Yes
Puerto Rico		

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT: A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance.

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System)

Hazard Rating:

4-Extreme

3-High

2-Moderate

1-Slight

0-Insignificant

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4): Health=4 Fire=1 Reactivity=0

HMIS RATINGS (SCALE 0-4): Health=3 Fire=1 Reactivity=0 PPE=X

Hazard statement(s) from Section 2 and 3:

H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Date of preparation-----> April 16, 2008

Revision Number----> 1.5

Revision Content-----> Updated sections: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, and 11.

Revision Date-----> January 16, 2019

Prepared by-----> T.G. Fenstermaker Jr.

Acronyms:

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists

AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association
ANSI - American Nation Standards Institute
API - American Petroleum Institute

CERCLA - Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DOT - U.S. Department of Transportation
 EPA - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System
 IARC - International Agency For Research On Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration NFPA - National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH - National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOIC - Notice of Intended Change (Proposed change to ACGIH TLV)

NTP - National Toxicology Program
OPA - Oil Pollution Act of 1990

OSHA - U.S. Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA)
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REL - Recommended Exposure Limit (NIOSH)

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III

SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

STEL - Short-Term Exposure Limit (generally 15 minutes)

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA - Time Weighted Average (8hr.)

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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